VALUATION REPORT

on

Fair Value of Equity Shares

ABACA CARE PRIVATE LIMITED

As on May 31, 2023

Mohit Jhunjhunwala Registered Valuer – Securities & Financial Assets Office 23/10, R.M.G, Builcon Orchid, Flat-1D, 1st Floor, Jayangra, Rajarhat, West Bengal-700 059 Email: m_jhunjhunwala_associates@outlook.in Mobile: +91 9874282451

TABLE OF CONTENT

Sl. No.	Content	Pg No
1	Context and Purpose	3
2	Conditions and Major Assumptions	3
3	Background of the Company	5
4	Valuation Premise	6
5	Valuation Date	6
6	Valuation Standards	6
7	Valuation Methodology and Approach	7
8	Source of Information	10
9	Caveats	10
10	Distribution of Report	11
11	Opinion on Fair Value of Equity Shares	12
12	Annexure	13



Valuation Analysis

We refer to our Engagement Letter dated 6th June, 2023 confirming our appointment as independent valuers of **Abaca Care Private Limited** (the "Company"). In the following paragraphs, we have summarized our valuation Analysis (the "Analysis") of the business of the Company as informed by the management and detailed herein, together with the description of the methodologies used and limitation on our scope of work.

1 <u>Context and Purpose</u>

We understand that the Company's promoters are evaluating the possibility of **Fair Value of Equity Shares under the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable rules thereunder**. In the context of these proposed transactions, the management requires our assistance in determining the **Fair Value of Equity Shares** of the Company.

Proposed Transaction:

The Company is evaluating the possibility of Fair Value of Equity Shares for internal purposes.

2 <u>Conditions and major assumptions</u>

Conditions

The historical financial information about the Company presented in this report is included solely for the purpose to arrive at value conclusion presented in this report and it should not be used by anyone to obtain credit or for any other unintended purpose. Because of the limited purpose as mentioned in the report, it may be incomplete and may contain departures from generally accepted accounting principles prevailing in the country. We have not audited, reviewed or compiled the financial statements and express no assurance on them.

Readers of this report should be aware that a business valuation is based on future earnings potential that may or may not be materialised. Any financial projection e.g. projected balance sheet, projected profit & loss account, projected cash flow statements as presented in this report are included solely to assist in the development of the value conclusion. The actual results may vary from the projections given, and the variations may be material, which may change the overall value.

This report is only to be used in its entirety, and for the purpose stated in the report. No third parties should rely on the information or data contained in this report without the advice of their lawyer, attorney or accountant.

We acknowledge that we have no present or contemplated financial interest in the Company. Our fees for this valuation are based upon our normal billing rates, and not contingent upon the results or the value of the business or in any other manner. We have no responsibility to modify this report for events and circumstances occurring subsequent to the date of this report.

We have, however, used conceptually sound and generally accepted methods, principles and procedures of valuation in determining the value estimate included in this report. The valuation analyst, by reason of performing this valuation and preparing this report, is not to require to give expert testimony nor to be in attendance in court or at any government hearing with reference to the matters contained herein, unless prior arrangements have been made with the analyst regarding such additional engagement.

Assumptions

The opinion of value given in this report is based on information provided by the management of the Company and other sources as listed in the report. This information is assumed to be accurate and complete.

We have relied upon the management certified projections for determining the fair value of equity shares and have not audited it's the correctness and accuracy.

We have relied upon the representations contained in the public and other documents in our possession and any other assets or liabilities except as specifically stated to the contrary in this report.

We have not attempted to confirm whether or not all assets of the business are free and clear of liens and encumbrances, or that the owner has good title to all the assets.

We have also assumed that the business will be operated prudently and that there are no unforeseen adverse changes in the economic conditions affecting the business, the market, or the industry. This report presumes that the management of the Company will maintain the character and integrity of the Company.

We have been informed by the management that there are no Significant lawsuits or any other undisclosed contingent liabilities which may potentially affect the business, except as may be disclosed elsewhere in this report. We have assumed that no costs or expenses will be incurred in connection with such liabilities, except as explicitly stated in this report.

We have been provided with, in place of details provisional financial statement, a key financials numbers as on valuation date for our analysis.

3 Background of the Company

Abaca Care Private Limited ('the Company'), incorporated in Mumbai under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 having Corporate Identification Number U86901MH2023PTC403100 is a Private Limited Company. The Registered Office of the Company is situated at Flt:1401,Flr:14,Crystal Palace-B,DP RD9,Powai Mumbai MH 400076 IN.

ACPL is incorporated to carry on the business of manufacturing, formulating, blending, preparing, processing, purchasing, exporting, importing, selling, trading, dealing in Ayurveda Medicines, Pharmaceutical Preparations, formulations, derivatives, compounds, essences, extracts, tinctures tablets and capsules, antibiotics, medicinal preparations, homeopathic remedies/Products, Mother Incture, Alternate Remedies, Aayush approved products, plant care products, herbal products, Allopathic and all kinds of pharmaceuticals and allied products.



It is classified as Non-government Company and is registered at ROC, Mumbai. Its authorized capital is Rs 10,00,000 and paid-up capital of Rs. 1,00,000.

Further Details of the Company:

CIN	U86901MH2023PTC403100		
Company / LLP Name	ABACA CARE PRIVATE LIMITED		
ROC Code	RoC-Mumbai		
Registration Number	403100		
Company Category	Company limited by Shares		
Company Subcategory	Non-govt company		
Class of Company	Private		
Authorised Capital (Rs)	10,00,000		
Paid up Capital (Rs)	1,00,000		
Number of Members (Applicable in case of company without Share Capital)	0		
Date of Incorporation	17/05/2023		
Registered Address	Flt:1401,Flr:14,Crystal Palace-B,DP RD9,Powai Mumbai MH 400 076 IN		
Email Id	mahendra@crestindia.in		
Whether listed or not	Unlisted		
Date of last AGM	-		
Date of Balance Sheet	-		
Company Status (for efiling)	Active		

Directors and Key Managerial Persons:

DIN/PAN	Name	Begin date	Designation
00612061	MAHENDRA MULJIBHAI DAHISARIA	17/05/2023	Director
08313795	ARATI NIMESH SHAH	17/05/2023	Director

4 Valuation Premise

The premise of value for our analyses is going concern value as there is neither a planned or contemplated discontinuance of any line of business nor any liquidation of the Company.

5 Valuation Date

The Analysis of the Fair Value of Equity Shares of the **Abaca Care Private Limited** of the Company has been carried out as on **31**st **May 2023**.

REGISTERED

6 <u>Valuation Standards</u>

The Report has been prepared in compliance with the internationally accepted valuation standards and valuation standard adopted by ICAI Registered Valuers Organisation.

7 Valuation Methodology and Approach

The standard of value used in the Analysis is "Fair Value", which is often defined as the price, in terms of cash or equivalent, that a buyer could reasonably be expected to pay, and a seller could reasonably be expected to accept, if the business were exposed for sale on the open market for a reasonable period of time, with both buyer and seller being In possession of the pertinent facts and neither being under any compulsion to act.

Valuation of a business is not an exact science and ultimately depends upon what it is worth to a serious investor or buyer who may be prepared to pay a substantial goodwill. This exercise may be carried out using various methodologies, the relative emphasis of each often varying with:

- whether the entity is listed on a stock exchange
- industry to which the Company belongs
- past track record of the business and the ease with which the growth rate in cash flows to perpetuity can be estimated
- Extent to which industry and comparable Company information is available.

The results of this exercise could vary significantly depending upon the basis used, the specific circumstances and professional judgment of the valuer. In respect of going concerns, certain valuation techniques have evolved over time and are commonly in vogue. These can be broadly categorised as follows:

1. Asset Approach

Net Asset Value Method ("NAV")

The value arrived at under this approach is based on the audited financial statements of the business and may be defined as Shareholders' Funds or Net Assets owned by the business. The balance sheet values are adjusted for any contingent liabilities that are likely to materialise.

The Net Asset Value is generally used as the minimum break-up value for the transaction since this methodology ignores the future return the assets can produce and is calculated using historical accounting data that does not reflect how much the business is worth to someone who may buy it as a going concern.

2. Market Approach

Comparable Company Market Multiple Method

Under this methodology, market multiples of comparable listed companies are computed and applied to the business being valued in order to arrive at a multiple based valuation The difficulty



here in the selection of a comparable company since it is rare to find two or more companies with the same product portfolio, size, capital structure, business strategy, profitability and accounting practices.

Whereas no publicly traded company provides an identical match to the operations of a given company, important information can be drawn from the way comparable enterprises are valued by public markets. In case of early stage company and different business model the problem aggravates further.

Comparable Transactions Multiple Method

This approach is somewhat similar to the market multiples approach except that the sales and EBITDA multiples of reported transactions in the same industry in the recent past are applied to the sales and EBITDA of the business being valued.

3. Income Approach

Discounted Cash Flows - "DCF"

Under this method, the value of equity share of the company is arrived at by analysing the historical trends and preparing the future financial projections after discussing with the management. This method takes into account the future potential earnings of the Company and profitability of the Company. It discounts the future earning potential of the company and arrives at the possible market price of the Company on the present day.

The Discounted Free Cash Flow method is one of the most rigorous approaches to valuation of business. In this method, the projected free cash flows from business operations are discounted at an appropriate discount rate (Usually the weighted average cost of capital used in the business, including debt and equity plus a risk factor measured by beta is considered to be the most appropriate discounting rate) and sum of such discounted free cash flows is the value of the business.

Beta is an adjustment that uses historic stock market data to measure the sensitivity of the Company's cash flow to market indices, for example, through business cycles.

The DCF method is a strong valuation tool, as it concentrates on cash generation potential of a business. This valuation method is based on the capability of a company to generate cash flows in the future. The free cash flows are projected for a certain number of years and then discounted at a discount rate that reflects a Company's cost of capital and the risk associated with the cash flows it generates.

Discounted Cash Flow method involves determination of the following:

- Estimating future free cash flows
- > The time frame of the cash flows
- > Appropriate discount rate to be applied to the cash flows
- > The terminal value
- Value of Debt. If any.



Private & Confidential

The value of the firm, as per DCF method of valuation is the sum of the present value of free cash flows during the explicit period and the present value of the terminal value at the end of the explicit period, which is formulated as under:

$$\frac{CF_1}{(1+K)^1} + \frac{CF_2}{(1+K)^2} + \dots + \frac{CF_n}{(1+K)^n} + \frac{CF_n(1+g)/(k-g)}{(1+k)^n}$$

WHERE,

- CF = Expected future free cash flow
- 1 to n = Explicit Period
- k = Discount rate (Weighted Average Cost of Capital WACC)
- g = Growth rate for perpetuity (as per Gordon Growth model)

Particular	Percentage
Cost of Equity	29.15%
Risk Premium	15.00%
Terminal Growth Rate	2.00%
Market Return	14.15%

4. Income Approach

Price Earnings Capitalisation

Capitalisation of earnings is a method of determining the value of an organisation by calculating the worth of its anticipated profits based on current earnings and expected future performance. This method is accomplished by finding the net present value (NPV) of expected future profits or cash flows, and dividing them by the capitalization rate.

This is an income-valuation approach that determines the value of a business by looking at the current cash flow, the annual rate of return, and the expected value of business.

Valuation Methodology

The application of any method of valuation depends on the purpose for which the valuation is done. Although different values may exist for different purposes, it cannot be too strongly emphasized that a valuer can only arrive at one value for one purpose.

In the instant case, since the Company is not a Listed Company, I am unable to find out the market value of the Company under market approach. Further I am unable to determine the value of the Company based on NAV approach as assets of the Company have not been impaired in terms of IND-AS 3. Hence, I have identified the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) method as the most appropriate method for this particular valuation assignment.

Our choice of methodology and valuation has been arrived using usual and conventional methodologies adopted for purposes of a similar nature and our reasonable judgment, in an independent and bona fide manner based on our previous experience of assignments of similar nature.



(Refer Annexure for detailed calculation)

8 Source of Information

The Analysis is based on a review of the business plan of the Company provided by the Management and information relating to sector as available in the public domain. Specifically, the sources of information include:

- Unaudited financial statement as on 31st May'2023;
- Management certified projected financial statements for period of 5 years for the year ending FY24 to FY28
- Details of Shareholding and numbers of diluted Equity Shares as on valuation date.
- Discussions with the Management / representative of the Company.
- All Company specific information were sourced from the management of the Company, either in the written hard copy or digital form.
- Other information / data available in public domain.

In addition to the above, we have also obtained such other information and explanations from the Company as were considered relevant for the purpose of the valuation. It may be mentioned that the Management has been provided the opportunity to review our draft report as part of our standard practice to make sure that factual inaccuracies are avoided in our final report.

9 <u>Caveats</u>

Provision of valuation recommendations and considerations of the issues described herein are areas of our regular corporate advisory practice. The services do not represent accounting, assurance, financial due diligence review, consulting, transfer pricing or domestic/international tax-related services that may otherwise be provided by us.

Our review of the affairs of the Company and their books and account does not constitute an audit in accordance with Auditing Standards. We have relied on explanations and information provided by the Management of the Company and accepted the information provided to us as accurate and complete in all respects. Although, we have reviewed such data for consistency and reasonableness, we have not independently investigated or otherwise verified the data provided. Nothing has come to our attention to indicate that the information provided had material misstatements or would not afford reasonable grounds upon which to base the Report.

The report is based on the financial projections provided to us by the Management of the company and thus the responsibility for forecasts and the assumptions on which they are based is solely that of the Management of the Company and we do not provide any confirmation or assurance on the achievability of these projections. It must be emphasized that profit forecasts necessarily depend upon subjective judgement. Similarly, we have relied on data from external sources. These sources are considered to be reliable and therefore, we assume no liability for the accuracy



of the data. We have assumed that the business continues normally without any disruptions due to statutory or other external/internal occurrences.

The valuation worksheets prepared for the exercise are proprietary to the Valuer and cannot be shared. Any clarifications on the workings will be provided on request, prior to finalizing the Report, as per the terms of our engagement.

The scope of our work has been limited both in terms of the areas of the business and operations which we have reviewed and the extent to which we have reviewed them.

The Valuation Analysis contained herein represents the value only on the date that is specifically stated in this Report. This Report is issued on the understanding that the Management of the Company has drawn our attention to all matters of which they are aware, which have an impact on our Report up to the date of signature. We have no responsibility to update this Report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of this Report.

We have no present or planned future interest in the Company and the fee for this Report is not contingent upon the values reported herein.

Our Valuation analysis should not be construed as investment advice; specifically, we do not express any opinion on the suitability or otherwise of entering into any transaction with the Company.

A draft of the report was shared with the Company, prior to finalisation of report, for confirmation of facts, key assumptions and other Company representations.

Our Report is not nor should it be construed as our opining or certifying the compliance with the provisions of any law / standards including company, foreign exchange regulatory, accounting and taxation (including transfer pricing) laws / standards or as regards any legal, accounting or taxation implications or issues.

Our Report and the opinion / valuation analysis contained herein is not nor should it be construed as advice relating to investing in, purchasing, selling or otherwise dealing in securities. This report does not in any manner address, opine on or recommend the prices at which the securities of the Company could or should transact.

10 Distribution of Report

The Analysis is confidential and has been prepared exclusively for **Abaca Care Private Limited**. It should not be used, reproduced or circulated to any other person or for any purpose other than as mentioned above, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of the valuer. Such consent will only be given after full consideration of the circumstances at the time. However, we do understand that the report will be shared with the investor / buyers of the Company / submission to government authorities and regulators towards statutory compliances.



11 Opinion on Fair Value of Equity Shares

Based on our valuation exercise Fair Value of the Equity Shares is as under:

			In Millions		
Method	Value	Weight	Product		
DCF Method	10.28	1.00	10.28		
Price Earning Capital Method	-	-	-		
Net Asset Value Method	-	-	-		
Fair Value per Share			1,027.89		

We trust the above meets your requirements. Please feel free to contact us in case you require any additional information or clarifications.

Yours faithfully REGISTER VALUER

Mohit Jhunjhunwala Chartered Accountants M No: 300180 Registered Valuer - Securities or Financial Assets (Reg No: IBBI/RV/01/2020/13487) UDIN: 23300180BGXTFV2203

Date:19th June, 2023 Place: Kolkata

13 Annexure

DISCOUNTED CASH FLOWS

We have been provided with the business projection of the Company for **Five years** by the Management, which we have considered for our Analysis. Accordingly, the projected free cash flows to Equity ("FCFE") based on these financial statements is set out below:

Free Cash Flow for Projected Five Years

(INR In Millions)

	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
Particulars	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28
Net Income after tax	1.66	4.04	6.55	8.31	11.36
Growth (%)	-	143%	62%	27%	37%
Add; Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Add; Interest on LTB	-	-	-	-	-
Cash flow from					
Operation	1.66	4.04	6.55	8.31	11.36
Less: Changes in Working Capital	-1.50	-3.84	-3.39	-1.57	-3.69
Less: Capital Expenditure	-0.20	-0.20	-0.20	-0.20	-0.20
Less: Principal Repayment	-	-	-	-	-
Free cash flows to Equity ("FCFE")	-0.04	0.00	2.96	6.54	7.47

Computation of Fair Value of Equity Shares

(INR In Millions)

	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
Particulars	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28
FCFE	-0.04	0.00	2.96	6.54	7.47
Year	1	2	3	4	5
Discount Factor @ Ke	0.81	0.63	0.48	0.38	0.29
Present Value of Future Cash Flow	-0.04	0.00	1.43	2.45	2.17
FCFE for Terminal Year			t seiler i	- 1	7.09

REGISTERED

Mohit Jhunjhunwala
Registered Valuer - Securities or Financial Assets

Long Term Growth Rate	2.00%
Discount Rate (Ke)	29.15%
Capitalization Rate	0.27
Terminal Value	26.10
Present Value Factor	0.29
Present Value of Terminal Year	7.58
Add: Sum of Discounted Cash Flow	6.03
Equity Value	13.61
Add: Surplus Asset	
Cash and Cash Equivalent	0.10
Investments	
Less: Debt Outstanding	
Value of Equity	13.71
Discount for Lack of Marketability	25%
Value of Company to the Equity Shareholders	10.28
No of Equity Shares as on date of Valuation	0.01
Value of Per	1,027.89
Equity Share Value of Per	1,028.00
Equity Share(Rounded Off)	1,028.00



Terminal Value

The terminal value refers to the present value of the business as a going concern beyond the period of projections up to infinity. This value is estimated by taking into account expected growth rates of the business in future, sustainable capital investments required for the business as well as the estimates growth rate of the industry and economy. Based on dynamics of the sector and discussions with the Management we have assumed a terminal growth rate of **2.00 %** for the Company beyond the projections periods. The cash flows of **Rs. 7.09 Millions** have been used to determine the terminal value. Based on these assumptions the terminal value has been calculated at **Rs. 26.10 Millions**.

Using these cash flows and a discount rate of **29.15 %**, we estimate the equity value of the Company **Rs. 13.61 Millions**.

Discount Factor

Discount Factor considered for arriving at the present value of the free cash flows to the Equity Shares of the Company is the cost of equity and the same is calculated as under

Computation of Cost of Equity (Ke)

Particular	Percentage
Cost of Equity	29.15%
Risk Premium	15.00%
Terminal Growth Rate	2.00%
Market Return	14.15%

